

New Potato and Asparagus Soup

2 tablespoons olive oil

2 medium size, boneless, skinless chicken breasts

1 medium diced onion

1 teaspoon salt

1/2 teaspoon garlic powder zest and juice of 1 lemon

2 cups new potatoes 3 cups vegetable broth

1 cup low fat milk

1 pound fresh asparagus 1/2 cup reduced fat sour

Fresh ground black pepper

Pour oil into a large saucepan over medium

2. Remove fat from chicken 6. Add potatoes and breasts and cut chicken into 1/2 inch pieces.

3. Cook chicken and diced onion in the oil for about 5 minutes or until chicken 7. Stir in the milk. is done and onions are golden.

4. Stir in salt, garlic powder, lemon zest, and ½ of the **9. Simmer** over medium lemon juice.

5. Cut potatoes into ½ inch chunks, leaving the skin

vegetable broth then simmer, stirring occasionally, until potatoes are tender.

8. Trim and cut asparagus into 1 inch pieces and add to mixture.

heat, partially covered

and cook until the asparagus is tender, about 15 minutes.

10. Stir in ½ cup sour cream and season with salt and pepper to taste.

Yield: 8, 1 cup servings. **Nutrition Analysis: 270** calories; 7 g fat; 2 g saturated fat; 0 q trans fat; 30 mg cholesterol; 760 mg sodium; 36 g carbohydrate; 4 g fiber; 8 g sugar; 16 g protein.



Buying Kentucky Proud is easy. Look for the label at your grocery store, farmers' market, or roadside stand.



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Kentucky New Potatoes

SEASON: Late June-October.

NUTRITION FACTS: New potatoes are a good source of vitamins B and C, potassium, and complex carbohydrates. They do not contain fat, cholesterol, or sodium. There is only 70 calories in a ½ cup serving of cooked potato. Most nutrients are located just below the skin, so avoid peeling whenever possible.

SELECTION: Select firm potatoes free from wrinkles, green spots, or bruises. New potatoes are immature potatoes of any variety. They are creamy, thinskinned, and small enough to serve whole.

STORAGE: Potatoes should be kept in a cool, humid, dark, well ventilated place. Do not store in the refrigerator.

Source: www.fruitsandveggiesmatter.gov

PREPARATION: New potatoes are best in dishes that call for boiled potatoes, as they will hold their shape. Potatoes should be thoroughly washed and scrubbed before cooking. Any sprouts or eyes growing should be cut out. Common methods of preparation include boiling, baking, microwaving, mashing, frying and grilling.

NEW POTATOES

Kentucky Proud Project

County Extension Agents for Family and Consumer Sciences
University of Kentucky, Nutrition
and Food Science students
COOPERATIVE
and Food Science students

March 2011

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EXTENSION SERVICE



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COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE

